

Radionics

Book 2: Applied Radionics



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13. APPLIED RADIONICS: The Electronic Potentizer

POTENTIZER Experimental Electronic Potentizer

Kelly Research Technologies is proud to offer an amplified electronic potentizer suitable for all forms of substrate imprint when used in conjunction with a KRT experimental agricultural analyzer, including the Kelly Personal Instrument, The Seeker and The Beacon. A phase control switch drives a secondary solid-state amplifier for production of both in-phase (supplement) and reverse phase (remedy) energetic imprints.



Part 1: Initial Set-Up

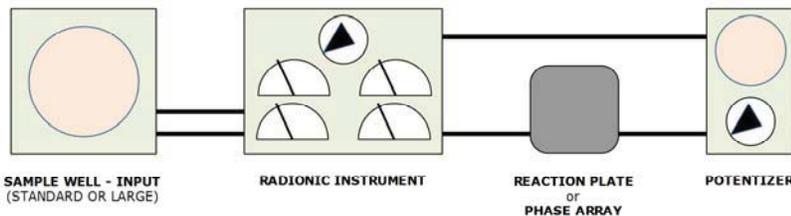
A. Plug in the Electronic Potentizer:

1. Plug the 5.5 mm connector on the 9-volt power adapter into the matching jack found on the top of the Electronic Potentizer.
2. Plug the two-prong end of the 9-volt adapter into a 100-240 volt household outlet. International researchers may require a plug adapter.

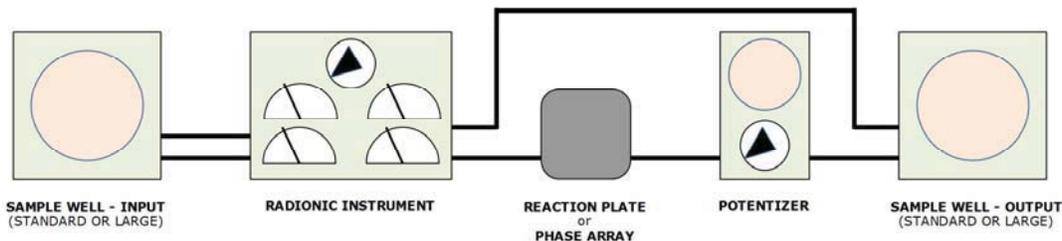


B. To connect with the Kelly Personal Instrument, The Seeker, and The Beacon:

When used with the Kelly Personal Instrument, The Seeker, and The Beacon, connect the blue jacks found on the upper corners of the Electronic Potentizer between the "Output" connectors on the instrument and the reaction plate/antenna. Note that these devices are connected in series in a "daisy chain" configuration:



An additional output well may also be added to the circuit to increase the number or size of substrate items to be potentized. Add the secondary output well to the series as follows:



C. **Set *The Seeker* or *The Beacon* for operation of the Electronic Potentizer:**

The user may choose between Direct and Timer Modes when using a Seeker or Beacon with the Accessory Potentizer. In Direct mode, the imprint will continue until the researcher turns it off. In Timer mode, the time set on the instrument time will determine the length of each potentizing imprint.

- The "Function" switch should be set to "Broadcast".
- The "Amp" switch should be set to "Direct" or "Timer" mode, as desired by the operator.

Indicator lamps will illuminate to confirm these mode selections, however the timer is only on when small red light and flashing green light are both on at the same time.



Part 2: Select the Rates, Reagents, and/or Frequencies to be Imprinted

Anything that can be broadcasted can also be imprinted into a physical object.

- Set all desired rates on the banks of the Personal Instrument, Seeker, or Beacon, as well as any connected Tuning Stations. Make sure all banks with rates are turned on. If no specific rates are desired, turn on one bank and set that to 0.00-100.00, which provides an open circuit through the tuning banks.

- Place any physical specimens (reagents) into the Input well on the instrument, including symbols and statements of intent.

Note: *The potency may be personalized for a specific individual or group of individuals. Add a witness to the Input well for any or all intended recipients. If the potency is intended for the world at large, do not add a witness to the Input well.*

- Activate any signal generators, Rife devices, or other technology connected to the Signal Input port.

Part 3: Select the Substrate and Active Ingredients

Electronic potentizing provides researchers with the flexibility to utilize blank substrates and "active ingredients" in either liquid or solid form, but care must be taken to ensure all elements *and their containers* are contamination free.

- A. If the intended substrate or the "active ingredient" is a solid object, inspect the item for obvious surface contamination. If necessary, wash or wipe the item with warm water and a mild soap, then dry with a clean cloth.
- B. If the substrate or the "active ingredient" is a liquid or other item that will be contained in a vial, test tube or other container, be sure the containers, caps and labels are clean and free of contaminants.
- C. If either the substrate or the "active ingredient" is a sample/witness drawn from a larger supply, be certain to use "clean" techniques when obtaining that sample.
- D. As with any radionic processes, be certain that all objects to be placed in an input well are clean and free of fingerprints.

Part 4: Clearing Substrates and Active Ingredients

Substrates and "active ingredients" to be potentized must be deprogrammed of noxious, contaminating or other energy patterns that conflict with the mission at hand as defined by the researcher. These steps should be utilized to clear these materials before potentizing.

- A. Evaluate the substrate for chemical [49.25-49.25] and metal [48.75-48.75] poisons using a Kelly Analyzer. These two rates cover a wide range of possible contaminants. Do not hesitate to use others, however, if other problems are suspect.
- B. Balance out any negative fields found to exceed 50 points of amplitude measurement.

Approximately 60 seconds after balancing is complete, take a second reading on the rates balanced. There may be a slight delay of time between balancing and the radionically-measured response on the subtle field of the subject.

Note: If a high reading is continually found, there may be too much contaminant in the physical level for this substance to provide a desirable substrate.

Part 5: Using the Electronic Potentizer

After preparation of the substrate and "active ingredient" material(s) is complete:

- A. **Place the blank substrate in the input well** of the electronic potentizer.
- B. **Identify the energy patterns** to be imprinted into the substrate using one of the following methods:
 - If the substrate is to be potentized with a known radionic frequency pattern, the rate dials should be set to the desired frequencies. The radionic analyzer's main input well will remain empty.
 - If the substrate is to be potentized directly from a physical sample or specimen, the sample or specimen should be placed in the Kelly Analyzer's main input well while the rate dials should be set to 00.00-100.00, which provides an open circuit through the tuning banks.
- C. **Set the phase mode** to "In Phase" or "Reverse Phase" by setting the "Mode" toggle switch to the mode of choice. A yellow indicator lamp will illuminate to show the mode that has been selected. Verify that the correct selection has been made by testing for a stick on the reaction plate/antenna. Move the "Mode" switch back and forth between the "In Phase", "Off", and "Reverse Phase" positions to find where the reaction is felt while focusing the mind on the question at hand.

Note: Typically the "In Phase" mode is used to make an **energetic copy** of a sample or radionic rate, which will serve to add or reinforce that energy pattern. In contrast, the "Reverse Phase" mode is used to create an **energetic opposite** to the radionic rate or sample, which will act as a remedy or serve to reduce an energy pattern. While these rules of thumb are usually true, **the correct mode is always the one that delivers the biggest resonance on the reaction plate.**

- D. **Set the potency dial** by turning the knob marked "Potency". If a known setting is desired, turn the knob directly to that setting. However, if the desired potency is unknown, slowly turn the knob marked "Potency" while lightly rubbing dry fingers across the surface of the reaction plate. Stop when a reaction is felt, then fine tune the setting of the dial until the strongest resonance point is found.

- E. **Turn on the instrument amplifier:**

- **When connected to the Personal instrument**, turn on the Amp switch
- **When connected to a Seeker or Beacon**, set the Function switch to "Broadcast", then choose between "Direct" and "Timer" Amp modes



- F. **Dowse for the time to potentize** using the reaction plate by asking questions and counting out the numbers using the stick as the guide, where the reaction is always the correct answer. For example, ask, "Is it less than ten minutes or more than ten minutes?" If the stick is felt on "less than ten minutes" then count down from ten. Potentizing usually only takes a couple of minutes.
- G. **At the end of the imprint time** turn off the "Amp" switch or set "Function" mode to "Off".
- H. **Check for additional potency potential** by turning the amplifier back on, then scanning for a reaction while slowly turning the potency dial to higher settings. Stop when a reaction is felt, then fine tune the setting of the dial until the strongest resonance point is found. If no additional reaction is detected on the dial, the maximum imprint has been achieved.

Tip: Typically an "original" sample may be used to imprint a blank substrate as many times as desired. However, a sample that was created through an imprinting process (such as a homeopathic remedy) will have its energetic value depleted each time it is used to imprint a blank substrate. If in doubt, check the overall vitality of the sample before and after electronic potentization by utilizing your instrument in Analysis mode.

Repeat all the steps in Part 4 if potentizing multiple energy patterns into the substrate.

Note: Multiple patterns of information may be imprinted upon a given substrate. However, not all rates, reagents, and frequencies should necessarily be imprinted at a time. Test for combined impact to General Vitality or the specific energy patterns that the project seeks to impact. For similar reasons, be certain that both wells contain only the desired substrate and specimen – the energy patterns or any contaminants will be transferred as well.

Part 6: Follow Up and Application

Before utilizing the new potency it is essential that a final check be made to ensure that the general vitality of the subject crop or animal is going to be impacted as originally intended.

- a. Check the general vitality of the crop or animal using the Analysis mode.
- b. Add the new potency to the input well with the witness for the crop or animal and recheck general vitality.
 - If the potency was designed to enhance the energetic strength of the crop or animal, the general vitality of the potency and the witness should be higher.
 - If the potency was designed to reduce or suppress an organism, the general vitality of the potency and the witness should be lower.

Do not skip this step! This is the final test to see if you have done everything correctly!

Part 7: Storage of Potencies

The shelf life of most potentized substances is limited since the imprint may fade from the substrate over time, especially if the potency is regularly subject to external electromagnetic fields or direct sunlight. Shelf life may be prolonged by storage in a cool, dark place.

The type of substrate utilized may also impact energy pattern retention. Distilled water is a good substrate but only for the short term. The addition of a small amount of brandy may help retain the energy imprint for a longer period of time in certain circumstances – researchers should dowse to test the impact on potency longevity *and* to ensure that the additive does not reduce potency effectiveness.

Finally, be sure that potencies and substrate materials are not stored near highly toxic chemicals or compounds such as cleaning supplies, agricultural additives or petroleum products.

Note: General information on potentizing and potencies was drawn from the article *Potentizing*, found in Volume XVI, Issue I of **Interdimensional News**. Source material for that article included: *Radionics, Reality & Man; Experimental principles and procedures of radionics* by George L. Kuepper, which is available in the KRT Bookstore.